



STAT1 α Rabbit mAb (AbFluor 647)

Catalog No	YP-rAb-18129
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Applications	IF
Gene Name	STAT1
Protein Name	Signal transducer and activator of transcription 1-alpha/beta (Transcription factor ISGF-3 components p91/p84)
Purification Process	Protein A
Specificity	Endogenous
Formulation	PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA
Source	Monoclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution	IF 1:200-1000
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Purity	$\geq 90\%$
Storage Stability	-15° C to -25° C/1 year(Do not lower than -25° C)
Synonyms	STAT1 ; Signal transducer and activator of transcription 1-alpha/beta ; Transcription factor ISGF-3 components p91/p84
Observed Band	90kD
Calculated Molecular Weight	87kD
Cell Pathway	Nuclear

Tissue Specificity

Function

Signal transducer and transcription activator that mediates cellular responses to interferons (IFNs), cytokine KITLG/SCF and other cytokines and other growth factors. Following type I IFN (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta) binding to cell surface receptors, signaling via protein kinases leads to activation of Jak kinases (TYK2 and JAK1) and to tyrosine phosphorylation of STAT1 and STAT2. The phosphorylated STATs dimerize and associate with ISGF3G/IRF-9 to form a complex termed ISGF3 transcription factor, that enters the nucleus . ISGF3 binds to the IFN stimulated response element (ISRE) to activate the transcription of IFN-stimulated genes (ISG), which drive the cell in an antiviral state. In response to type II IFN (IFN-gamma), STAT1 is tyrosine- and serine-phosphorylated . It then forms a homodimer termed IFN-gamma-activated factor (GAF), migrates into the nucleus and binds to the IFN gamma activated sequence (GAS) to drive the





expression of the target genes, inducing a cellular antiviral state. Becomes activated in response to KITLG/SCF and KIT signaling. May mediate cellular responses to activated FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 and FGFR4.

Background

signal transducer and activator of transcription 1(STAT1) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the STAT protein family. In response to cytokines and growth factors, STAT family members are phosphorylated by the receptor associated kinases, and then form homo- or heterodimers that translocate to the cell nucleus where they act as transcription activators. This protein can be activated by various ligands including interferon-alpha, interferon-gamma, EGF, PDGF and IL6. This protein mediates the expression of a variety of genes, which is thought to be important for cell viability in response to different cell stimuli and pathogens. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



杭州臻优品生物科技有限公司

热销产品:

蛋白、一抗、抗体对、ELISA试剂盒、生化试剂盒
CCK8试剂盒、QPCR检测试剂盒

检测服务:

ELISA检测及定制服务 | 生化检测 | PCR、QPCR检测 | WB检测
ICO-IP检测 | 切片 | 染色 | 免疫组化 | 免疫荧光 | 透射电镜全套
| 宏基因组、转录组、基因组、蛋白组、代谢组测序



关注官网



关注客服