



# MCLN1 mouse mAb

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-mAb-17275
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse,Rat
<b>Applications</b>	WB
<b>Gene Name</b>	MCOLN1 ML4 MSTP080
<b>Protein Name</b>	Mucolipin-1 (MG-2) (Mucolipidin)
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from human N-ternal MCLN1
<b>Specificity</b>	This antibody detects endogenous levels of MCLN1 at Human, Mouse
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	mouse,Monoclonal
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-2000
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	Mucolipin-1 (MG-2) (Mucolipidin)
<b>Calculated Molecular Weight</b>	64kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Late endosome membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Lysosome membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Cell projection, phagocytic cup . Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Delivery from the trans-Golgi to lysosomes seems to occur mainly in a direct intracellular manner without intermediate delivery to the plasma membrane (PubMed:16497227). Under normal conditions, restricted to intracellular compartments so that only a very minor proportion is present at the cell membrane (PubMed:12459486, PubMed:18794901, PubMed:28112729, PubMed:29019983). .
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Widely expressed in adult and fetal tissues.
<b>Function</b>	Nonselective cation channel probably playing a role in the regulation of membrane trafficking events and of metal homeostasis. Proposed to play a major role in Ca(2+) release from late endosome and lysosome vesicles to the cytoplasm, which is important for many lysosome-dependent cellular events, including the fusion and trafficking of these organelles, exocytosis and autophagy . Required for efficient uptake of large particles in macrophages in which Ca(2+) release from the lysosomes triggers lysosomal exocytosis. May also play a role in phagosome-lysosome fusion (By similarity). Involved in lactosylceramide

trafficking indicative for a role in the regulation of late endocytic membrane fusion/fission events . By mediating lysosomal  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  release is involved in regulation of mTORC1 signaling and in mTOR/TFEB-dependent lysosomal adaptation to environmental cues such as nutrient levels .

### Background

### matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

### Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## Products Images