



# SEPX1 Rabbit pAb

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-Ab-18476
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat
<b>Applications</b>	WB
<b>Gene Name</b>	MSRB1 SEPX1 HSPC270
<b>Protein Name</b>	Methionine-R-sulfoxide reductase B1 (MsrB1) (Selenoprotein X) (SelX)
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from human SEPX1
<b>Specificity</b>	This antibody detects endogenous levels of SEPX1 at Human, Mouse,Rat
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-2000
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	
<b>Observed Band</b>	13kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton .
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	
<b>Function</b>	Methionine-sulfoxide reductase that specifically reduces methionine (R)-sulfoxide back to methionine. While in many cases, methionine oxidation is the result of random oxidation following oxidative stress, methionine oxidation is also a post-translational modification that takes place on specific residue. Acts as a regulator of actin assembly by reducing methionine (R)-sulfoxide mediated by MICALs (MICAL1, MICAL2 or MICAL3) on actin, thereby promoting filament repolymerization. Plays a role in innate immunity by reducing oxidized actin, leading to actin repolymerization in macrophages.
<b>Background</b>	
<b>matters needing attention</b>	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!



**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

**Products Images**