





GABAA R ε Monoclonal Antibody

| Catalog No | YP-mAb-16520 |
|--------------------|---|
| Isotype | IgG |
| Reactivity | Human;Rat;Mouse; |
| Applications | WB |
| Gene Name | GABRE |
| Protein Name | Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit epsilon |
| Immunogen | Synthesized peptide derived from the Internal region of human GABAA range: R $_{\epsilon}$. |
| Specificity | GABAA R ϵ Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of GABAA R ϵ protein. |
| Formulation | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. |
| Source | Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG |
| Purification | The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. |
| Dilution | WB 1:500-1:2000 |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml |
| Purity | ≥90% |
| Storage Stability | -20°C/1 year |
| Synonyms | GABRE; Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit epsilon; GABA(A) receptor subunit epsilon |
| Observed Band | 57kD |
| Cell Pathway | Cell junction, synapse, postsynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. |
| Tissue Specificity | Expressed in many tissues. Highest levels of expression in adult heart and placenta. |
| Function | function:GABA, the major inhibitory neurotransmitter in the vertebrate brain, mediates neuronal inhibition by binding to the GABA/benzodiazepine receptor and opening an integral chloride channel.,similarity:Belongs to the ligand-gated ionic channel (TC 1.A.9) family.,subunit:Generally pentameric. Associates with alpha and beta subunits.,tissue specificity:Expressed in many tissues. Highest levels of expression in adult heart and placenta., |
| Background | The product of this gene belongs to the ligand-gated ionic channel (TC 1.A.9) family. It encodes the gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA) A receptor which is a multisubunit chloride channel that mediates the fastest inhibitory synaptic transmission in the central nervous system. This gene encodes an epsilon subunit. It is mapped to chromosome Xq28 in a cluster comprised of genes encoding alpha 3, beta 4 and theta subunits of the same receptor. Alternatively |



UpingBio technology Co.,Ltd







spliced transcript variants have been identified, but only one is thought to encode a protein. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

