



M-CSF Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-16053
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	WB
Gene Name	CSF1
Protein Name	Macrophage colony-stimulating factor 1
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the C-terminal region of human CSF1. AA range:505-554
Specificity	M-CSF Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of M-CSF protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	CSF1; Macrophage colony-stimulating factor 1; CSF-1; M-CSF; MCSF; Lanimostim
Observed Band	48kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein .; [Processed macrophage colony-stimulating factor 1]: Secreted, extracellular space.
Tissue Specificity	Endometrium,Kidney,Pancreatic carcinoma,T lymphoblast,Trophoblast,Urine,
Function	function:Granulocyte/macrophage colony-stimulating factors are cytokines that act in hematopoiesis by controlling the production, differentiation, and function of 2 related white cell populations of the blood, the granulocytes and the monocytes-macrophages. CSF-1 induces cells of the monocyte/macrophage lineage. It plays a role in immunological defenses, bone metabolism, lipoproteins clearance, fertility and pregnancy.,PTM:Glycosylation and proteolytic cleavage yield different soluble forms. A high molecular weight soluble form is a proteoglycan containing chondroitin sulfate.,PTM:Isoform 1 is N- and O-glycosylated. Isoform 3 is N-glycosylated.,subunit:Homodimer or heterodimer; disulfide-linked.,
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a cytokine that controls the production, differentiation, and function of macrophages. The active form of the protein is found extracellularly as a disulfide-linked homodimer, and is thought to be



produced by proteolytic cleavage of membrane-bound precursors. The encoded protein may be involved in development of the placenta. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2011],

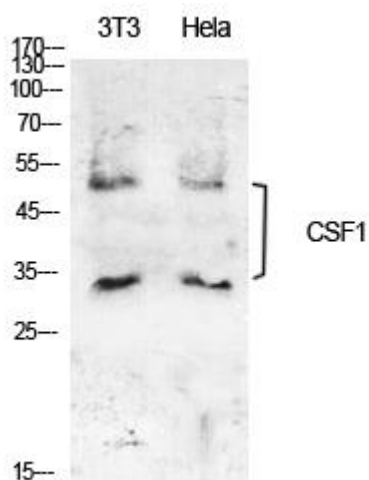
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using M-CSF Monoclonal Antibody