





CaMKII ^δ Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-15039
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	CAMK2D
Protein Name	Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type II subunit delta
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from the Internal region of human CaMKII δ .
Specificity	CaMKII δ $$ Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CaMKII δ $$ protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	CAMK2D; CAMKD; Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type II subunit delta; CaM kinase II subunit delta; CaMK-II subunit delta
Observed Band	56kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane, sarcolemma ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side .
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in cardiac muscle and skeletal muscle. Isoform Delta 3, isoform Delta 2, isoform Delta 8 and isoform Delta 9 are expressed in cardiac muscle. Isoform Delta 11 is expressed in skeletal muscle.
Function	catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,enzyme regulation:Autophosphorylation of CAMK2 plays an important role in the regulation of the kinase activity.,function:CaM-kinase II (CAMK2) is a prominent kinase in the central nervous system that may function in long-term potentiation and neurotransmitter release.,miscellaneous:Expression of CAMK2D is significantly increased in patients suffering from dilated cardiomyopathy.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CAMK Ser/Thr



UpingBio technology Co.,Ltd







specificity:Expressed in cardiac muscle and skeletal mus

Background	The product of this gene belongs to the serine/threonine protein kinase family and to the Ca(2+)/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase subfamily. Calcium signaling is crucial for several aspects of plasticity at glutamatergic synapses. In mammalian cells, the enzyme is composed of four different chains: alpha, beta, gamma, and delta. The product of this gene is a delta chain. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. Distinct isoforms of this chain have different expression patterns.[provided by RefSeq, Nov 2008],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

