



Wee 1 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-15032
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	WEE1
Protein Name	Wee1-like protein kinase
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human WEE1. AA range:19-68
Specificity	Wee 1 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Wee 1 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	WEE1; Wee1-like protein kinase; WEE1hu; Wee1A kinase
Observed Band	72kD
Cell Pathway	Nucleus.
Tissue Specificity	Amygdala,Blood,Epithelium,Human uterus endothel primary cell culture,Placenta,Skin,
Function	catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.,cofactor:Binds 2 magnesium ions per subunit.,enzyme regulation:Synthesis is increased during S and G2 phases, presumably by an increase in transcription; activity is decreased by phosphorylation during m phase. Protein levels fall in M phase as a result of decreased synthesis combined with degradation. Activity seems to be negatively regulated by phosphorylation upon entry into mitosis, although N-terminal phosphorylation might also regulate the protein stability via protection from proteolysis or might regulate the subcellular location.,function:May act as a negative regulator of entry into mitosis (G2 to M transition) by protecting the nucleus from cytoplasmically activated cyclin B1-complexed CDC2 before the onset of mitosis. Its activity increases during S and G2 phases and decreases at M phase
Background	WEE1 G2 checkpoint kinase(WEE1) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a nuclear protein, which is a tyrosine kinase belonging to the Ser/Thr family of



protein kinases. This protein catalyzes the inhibitory tyrosine phosphorylation of CDC2/cyclin B kinase, and appears to coordinate the transition between DNA replication and mitosis by protecting the nucleus from cytoplasmically activated CDC2 kinase. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images

