







MARK2 Monoclonal Antibody

| Catalog No | YP-mAb-14825 |
|--------------------|--|
| Isotype | IgG |
| Reactivity | Human;Mouse;Rat;Monkey |
| Applications | WB |
| Gene Name | MARK2 |
| Protein Name | Serine/threonine-protein kinase MARK2 |
| lmmunogen | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human MARK2. AA range:10-59 |
| Specificity | MARK2 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of MARK2 protein. |
| Formulation | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. |
| Source | Monoclonal, Mouse,lgG |
| Purification | The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. |
| Dilution | WB 1:500-1:2000 |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml |
| Purity | ≥90% |
| Storage Stability | -20°C/1 year |
| Synonyms | MARK2; EMK1; Serine/threonine-protein kinase MARK2; ELKL motif kinase 1; EMK-1; MAP/microtubule affinity-regulating kinase 2; PAR1 homolog; PAR1 homolog b; Par-1b; Par1b |
| Observed Band | 85kD |
| Cell Pathway | Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasm. Lateral cell membrane. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cell projection, dendrite. Cytoplasm. Phosphorylation at Thr-596 by PRKCZ/aPKC and subsequent interaction with 14-3-3 protein YWHAZ promotes relocation from the cell membrane to the cytoplasm. |
| Tissue Specificity | High levels of expression in heart, brain, skeletal muscle and pancreas, lower levels observed in lung, liver and kidney. |
| Function | catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,cofactor:Magnesium.,enzyme regulation:Activated by phosphorylation on Thr-208 by STK11 in complex with STE20-related adapter-alpha (STRAD alpha) pseudo kinase and CAB39.,function:Role in epithelial morphogenesis. Modulates the developmental decision to build a columnar versus a hepatic epithelial cell apparently by promoting a switch from a direct to a transcytotic mode of apical protein delivery. Essential for the asymmetric development of membrane domains of polarized epithelial cells. One or more isoforms may play a role in graft rejection.,similarity:Belongs to the |



UpingBio technology Co.,Ltd







| protein kingge gungrfemily, similarity/Polonge to the protein kinge | o ouporfomily |
|---|----------------|
| protein kinase superfamily., similarity: Belongs to the protein kinas | e superramily. |
| CAMK Ser/Thr protein kinase family. MARK subfamily., similarity: | Contains 1 KA1 |
| (kinase-associated) domain., similarity: Contains 1 protein kinase | |
| domain.,similarity:Contains 1 UBA doma | |
| , | |
| microtubule affinity regulating kinase 2(MARK2) Homo sapiens | This gene |

Background encodes a member of the Par-1 family of serine/threonine protein kinases. The protein is an important regulator of cell polarity in epithelial and neuronal cells, and also controls the stability of microtubules through phosphorylation and inactivation of several microtubule-associating proteins. The protein localizes to cell membranes. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been

found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2009],

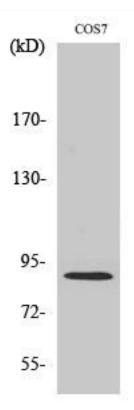
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using MARK2 Monoclonal Antibody