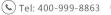


CD79b Monoclonal Antibody

| Catalog No | YP-mAb-13993 |
|--------------------|---|
| Isotype | IgG |
| Reactivity | Human;Rat;Mouse; |
| Applications | WB |
| Gene Name | CD79B |
| Protein Name | B-cell antigen receptor complex-associated protein beta chain |
| Immunogen | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the Internal region of human CD79B. AA range:61-110 |
| Specificity | CD79b Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CD79b protein. |
| Formulation | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. |
| Source | Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG |
| Purification | The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. |
| Dilution | WB 1:500-1:2000 |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml |
| Purity | ≥90% |
| Storage Stability | -20°C/1 year |
| Synonyms | CD79B; B29; IGB; B-cell antigen receptor complex-associated protein beta chain; B-cell-specific glycoprotein B29; Ig-beta; Immunoglobulin-associated B29 protein; CD79b |
| Observed Band | 37kD |
| Cell Pathway | Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Following antigen binding, the BCR has been shown to translocate from detergent-soluble regions of the cell membrane to lipid rafts although signal transduction through the complex can also occur outside lipid rafts. |
| Tissue Specificity | B-cells. |
| Function | disease:Defects in CD79B are a cause of non-Bruton type agammaglobulinemia [MIM:601495]. Agammaglobulinemia is an immunodeficiency disease which results in developmental defects in the maturation pathway of B-cells.,function:Required in cooperation with CD79A for initiation of the signal transduction cascade activated by the B-cell antigen receptor complex (BCR) which leads to internalization of the complex, trafficking to late endosomes and antigen presentation. Enhances phosphorylation of CD79A, possibly by recruiting kinases which phosphorylate CD79A or by recruiting proteins which bind to CD79A and protect it from dephosphorylation.,online information:CD79B mutation db,PTM:Phosphorylated on tyrosine upon B-cell activation.,similarity:Contains 1 IJAM |



UpingBio technology Co.,Ltd



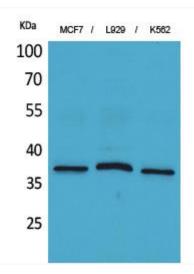




domain.,subcellular location:Following antigen binding, the BCR has b

| Background | The B lymphocyte antigen receptor is a multimeric complex that includes the antigen-specific component, surface immunoglobulin (lg). Surface lg non-covalently associates with two other proteins, lg-alpha and lg-beta, which are necessary for expression and function of the B-cell antigen receptor. This gene encodes the lg-beta protein of the B-cell antigen component. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], |
|---------------------------|--|
| matters needing attention | Avoid repeated freezing and thawing! |
| Usage suggestions | This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel. |

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using CD79b Monoclonal Antibody