



FGFR-4 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-13753
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	WB
Gene Name	FGFR4
Protein Name	Fibroblast growth factor receptor 4
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the Internal region of human FGFR4. AA range:91-140
Specificity	FGFR-4 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of FGFR-4 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	FGFR4; JTK2; TKF; Fibroblast growth factor receptor 4; FGFR-4; CD334
Observed Band	85kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome. Endoplasmic reticulum. Internalized from the cell membrane to recycling endosomes, and from there back to the cell membrane.; [Isoform 2]: Secreted.; [Isoform 3]: Cytoplasm .
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in gastrointestinal epithelial cells, pancreas, and gastric and pancreatic cancer cell lines.
Function	catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate.;function:Receptor for acidic fibroblast growth factor. Does not bind to basic fibroblast growth factor. Binds FGF19.;PTM:Glycosylated (By similarity). Phosphorylated on tyrosine residue (By similarity). Phosphorylation requires the presence of a functional (phosphorylated) FGFR1 and not necessarily by means of FGFR heterodimerization.;similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family.;similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. Fibroblast growth factor receptor subfamily.;similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.;similarity:Contains 3 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains.;subcellular location:Isoform 2 may be secreted.;subunit:Interacts with KLB.;tissue specificity:Expressed in gastrointestinal epithelial cells, pancreas,



Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor family, where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein would consist of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. The genomic organization of this gene, compared to members 1-3, encompasses 18 exons rather than 19 or 20. Although alternative splicing has been observed, there is no evidence that the C-terminal half of the IgII

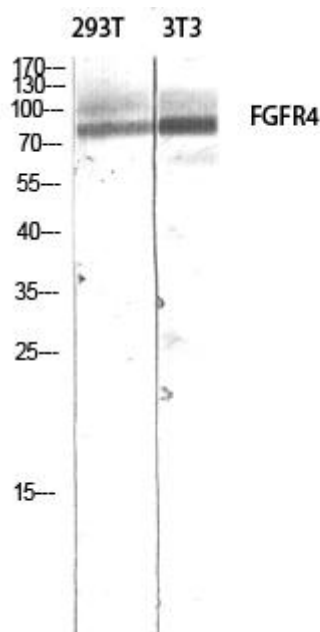
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using FGFR-4 Monoclonal Antibody