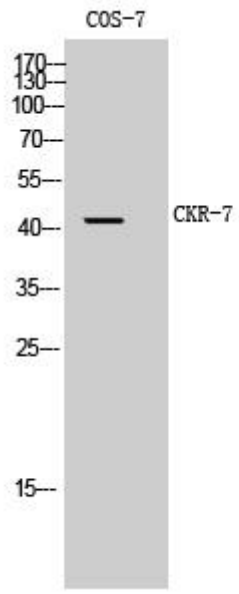
CKR-7 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-13183
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Monkey
Applications	WB
Gene Name	CCR7
Protein Name	C-C chemokine receptor type 7
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human CCR7. AA range:170-219
Specificity	CKR-7 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CKR-7 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	CCR7; CMKBR7; EBI1; EVI1; C-C chemokine receptor type 7; C-C CKR-7; CC-CKR-7; CCR-7; BLR2; CDw197; Epstein-Barr virus-induced G-protein coupled receptor 1; EBI1; EBV-induced G-protein coupled receptor 1; MIP-3 beta receptor; CD antigen CD19
Observed Band	43kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in various lymphoid tissues and activated B- and T-lymphocytes, strongly up-regulated in B-cells infected with Epstein-Barr virus and T-cells infected with herpesvirus 6 or 7.
Function	function:Receptor for the MIP-3-beta chemokine. Probable mediator of EBV effects on B-lymphocytes or of normal lymphocyte functions.,induction:By EBV.,online information:CC chemokine receptors entry,similarity:Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family.,tissue specificity:Expressed in various lymphoid tissues and activated B- and T-lymphocytes, strongly up-regulated in B-cells infected with Epstein-Barr virus and T-cells infected with herpesvirus 6 or 7.,
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the G protein-coupled receptor family. This receptor was identified as a gene induced by the Epstein-Barr virus

	(EBV), and is thought to be a mediator of EBV effects on B lymphocytes. This receptor is expressed in various lymphoid tissues and activates B and T lymphocytes. It has been shown to control the migration of memory T cells to inflamed tissues, as well as stimulate dendritic cell maturation. The chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 19 (CCL19/ECL) has been reported to be a specific ligand of this receptor. Signals mediated by this receptor regulate T cell homeostasis in lymph nodes, and may also function in the activation and polarization of T cells, and in chronic inflammation pathogenesis. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2014],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using CKR-7 Monoclonal Antibody