







DR5 mouse mAb

Catalog No	YP-mAb-12414
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	WB; ELISA
Gene Name	TNFRSF10B DR5 KILLER TRAILR2 TRICK2 ZTNFR9 UNQ160/PRO186
Protein Name	DR5
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human DR5 AA range: 200-280
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human DR5
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, mouse,lgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:1000-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 10B (Death receptor 5;TNF-related apoptosis-inducing ligand receptor 2;TRAIL receptor 2;TRAIL-R2;CD antigen CD262)
Observed Band	48kD
Cell Pathway	Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.
Tissue Specificity	Widely expressed in adult and fetal tissues; very highly expressed in tumor cell lines such as HeLaS3, K-562, HL-60, SW480, A-549 and G-361; highly expressed in heart, peripheral blood lymphocytes, liver, pancreas, spleen, thymus, prostate, ovary, uterus, placenta, testis, esophagus, stomach and throughout the intestinal tract; not detectable in brain.
Function	disease:Defects in TNFRSF10B may be a cause of squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck (HNSCC) [MIM:275355].,function:Receptor for the cytotoxic ligand TNFSF10/TRAIL. The adapter molecule FADD recruits caspase-8 to the activated receptor. The resulting death-inducing signaling complex (DISC) performs caspase-8 proteolytic activation which initiates the subsequent cascade of caspases (aspartate-specific cysteine proteases) mediating apoptosis. Promotes the activation of NF-kappa-B.,induction:TNFRSF10B is regulated by the tumor suppressor p53.,similarity:Contains 1 death domain.,similarity:Contains 3



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expressed in tumor cell lines such as HeLa S3, K562, HL-60, SW480, A549 and G361; highly expressed in heart, peripheral blood lymphocytes, liv

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily, and contains an intracellular death domain. This receptor can be activated by tumor necrosis factor-related apoptosis inducing ligand

(TNFSF10/TRAIL/APO-2L), and transduces an apoptosis signal. Studies with FADD-deficient mice suggested that FADD, a death domain containing adaptor protein, is required for the apoptosis mediated by this protein. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms and one non-coding transcript have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2009],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images