





# DTBP1 mouse mAb

Catalog No	YP-mAb-11623
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human; Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	DTNBP1 My031
Protein Name	DTBP1
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human DTBP1 AA range: 56-106
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of DTBP1 at Human/Mouse/Rat
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	

## **Observed Band**

### **Cell Pathway**

[Isoform 1]: Cytoplasm . Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Endosome membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein Cytoplasmic side . Melanosome membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Cell junction, synapse, postsynaptic density . Endoplasmic reticulum . Nucleus . Mainly cytoplasmic but shuttles between the cytoplasm and nucleus. Exported out of the nucleus via its NES in a XPO1-dependent manner. Nuclear localization is required for regulation of the expression of genes such as SYN1. Detected in neuron cell bodies, axons and dendrites. Mainly located to the postsynaptic density. Detected at tubulovesicular elements in the vicinity of the Golgi apparatus and of melanosomes. Occasionally detected at the membrane of pigmented melano

#### **Tissue Specificity**

Detected in brain, in neurons and in neuropil. Isoform 1 is expressed in the cerebral cortex, and hippocampal frontal (HF). Specific expression in the posterior half of the superior temporal gyrus (pSTG). Higher expression of isoform 2 and 3 in the HF than in the pSTG while isoform 1 shows no difference in expression in these areas. In the HF, detected in dentate gyrus (DG) and in pyramidal cells of hippocampus CA2 and CA3 (at protein level). Expressed in all principal neuronal populations of the HF, namely pyramidal neurons in the subiculum and CA1-3, granule cells in the dense cell layer of the DG (DGg), and polymorph cells in the hilus of the DG (DGh). Maximal levels in CA2, CA3, and DGh. Isoform 2 not



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expressed in the cerebral cortex.

Function	caution:The sequence shown here is derived from an Ensembl automatic analysis pipeline and should be considered as preliminary data.,disease:Defects in DTNBP1 are the cause of Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome type 7 (HPS7) [MIM:203300]. Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome (HPS) is a genetically heterogeneous, rare, autosomal recessive disorder characterized by oculocutaneous albinism, bleeding due to platelet storage pool deficiency, and lysosomal storage defects. This syndrome results from defects of diverse cytoplasmic organelles including melanosomes, platelet dense granules and lysosomes. Ceroid storage in the lungs is associated with pulmonary fibrosis, a common cause of premature death in individuals with HPS.,function:Plays a role in the biogenesis of lysosome-related organelles such as platelet dense granule and melanosomes.,similarity:Belongs to the dysbindin family.,subcellular location:Associa
Background	This gene encodes a protein that may play a role in organelle biogenesis associated with melanosomes, platelet dense granules, and lysosomes. A similar protein in mouse is a component of a protein complex termed biogenesis of lysosome-related organelles complex 1 (BLOC-1), and binds to alpha- and beta-dystrobrevins, which are components of the dystrophin-associated protein complex (DPC). Mutations in this gene are associated with Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome type 7. This gene may also be associated with schizophrenia. Multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



