





HBXIP Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-05634
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	WB
Gene Name	HBXIP XIP
Protein Name	Hepatitis B virus X-interacting protein (HBV X-interacting protein) (HBX-interacting protein)
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein AA range: 1-50
Specificity	HBXIP Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	
Observed Band	10kD
Cell Pathway	Lysosome . Cytoplasm, cytosol .
Tissue Specificity	Highly expressed in skeletal and cardiac muscle, followed by pancreas, kidney, liver, brain, placenta and lung. Elevated levels in both cancerous and non-cancerous liver tissue of patients with chronic HBV infection compared with hepatic tissue without HBV infection.
Function	function:When complexed to BIRC5, interferes with apoptosome assembly, preventing recruitment of pro-caspase-9 to oligomerized APAF1, thereby selectively suppressing apoptosis initiated via the mitochondrial/cytochrome c pathway. Down-regulates hepatitis B virus (HBV) replication.,miscellaneous:Suppression of caspase activation by the BIRC5/HBXIP complex is increased in the presence of HBX.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.,similarity:Belongs to the HBXIP family.,subunit:Interacts with phosphorylated BIRC5; the resulting complex binds pro-caspase-9, as well as active caspase-9, but much less efficiently. Interacts with SUPV3L1. Interacts with hepatitis B virus (HBV) oncoprotein HBX C-terminus.,tissue specificity:Highly expressed in skeletal and cardiac muscle, followed by pancreas, kidney, liver, brain, placenta and lung. Elevated levels in both cancerous and no



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Background	This gene encodes a protein that specifically complexes with the C-terminus of hepatitis B virus X protein (HBx). The function of this protein is to negatively regulate HBx activity and thus to alter the replication life cycle of the virus. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images

