

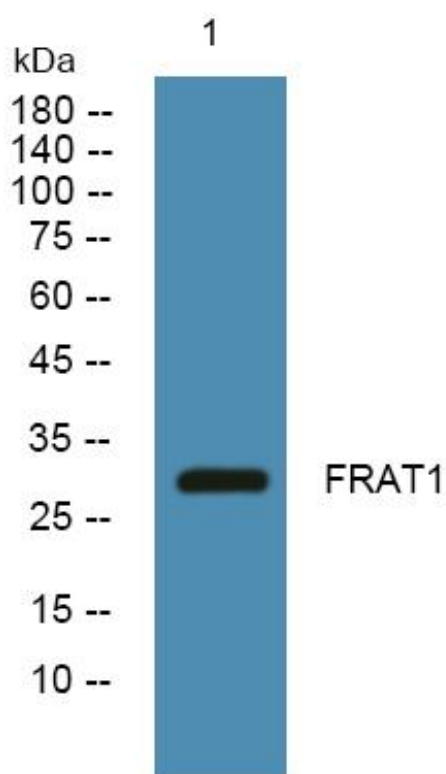


# FRAT1 Monoclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-mAb-05076
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse
<b>Applications</b>	WB
<b>Gene Name</b>	FRAT1
<b>Protein Name</b>	Proto-oncogene FRAT1 (Frequently rearranged in advanced T-cell lymphomas 1) (FRAT-1)
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 130-210
<b>Specificity</b>	FRAT1 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-1:2000
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	
<b>Observed Band</b>	30kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Cytoplasm.
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Lung,Testis,
<b>Function</b>	function:Positively regulates the Wnt signaling pathway by stabilizing beta-catenin through the association with GSK-3. May play a role in tumor progression and collaborate with PIM1 and MYC in lymphomagenesis.,PTM:Phosphorylated.,similarity:Belongs to the GSK-3-binding protein family.,subunit: Binds DVL1. Binds GSK-3 and prevent GSK-3-dependent phosphorylation.,
<b>Background</b>	The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the GSK-3-binding protein family. The protein inhibits GSK-3-mediated phosphorylation of beta-catenin and positively regulates the Wnt signaling pathway. It may function in tumor progression and in lymphomagenesis. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008],
<b>matters needing attention</b>	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

**Products Images**

Western Blot analysis of various cells using FRAT1 Monoclonal Antibody