



# MRP Monoclonal Antibody

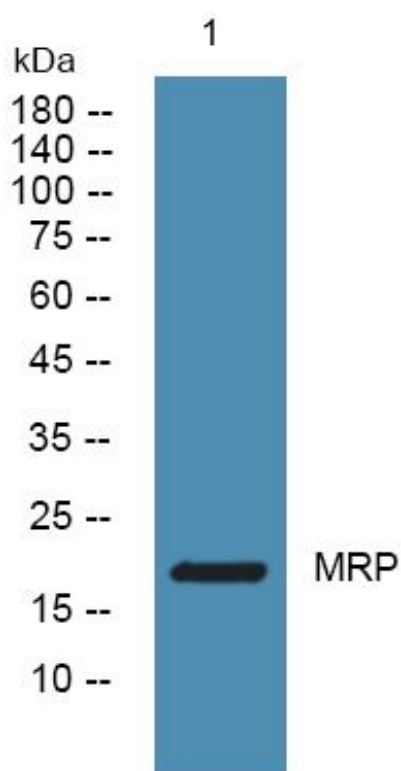
<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-mAb-04971
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse;Rat
<b>Applications</b>	WB
<b>Gene Name</b>	MARCKSL1 MLP MRP
<b>Protein Name</b>	MARCKS-related protein (MARCKS-like protein 1) (Macrophage myristoylated alanine-rich C kinase substrate) (Mac-MARCKS) (MacMARCKS)
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 1-80
<b>Specificity</b>	MRP Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-1:2000
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	
<b>Observed Band</b>	21kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Cell membrane ; Lipid-anchor . Associates with the membrane via the insertion of the N-terminal N-myristoyl chain and the partial insertion of the effector domain. Association of the effector domain with membranes may be regulated by Ca(2+)/calmodulin. Colocalizes with F-actin at the leading edge of migrating cells (By similarity). In prostate cancers, shows strong expression at apical and/or basal regions of the cell and also has weak cytoplasmic expression (PubMed:22751924). .
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Brain,Epithelium,Muscle,
<b>Function</b>	function:May be involved in coupling the protein kinase C and calmodulin signal transduction systems.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.,similarity:Belongs to the MARCKS family.,
<b>Background</b>	MARCKS like 1(MARCKSL1) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a member of the myristoylated alanine-rich C-kinase substrate (MARCKS) family. Members of this family play a role in cytoskeletal regulation, protein kinase C signaling and calmodulin signaling. The encoded protein affects the formation of adherens junction. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Pseudogenes of this gene are located on the long arm of chromosomes 6 and 10. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2012],

**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

**Products Images**

Western Blot analysis of various cells using MRP Monoclonal Antibody