



Factor XIII B Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-04348
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	WB
Gene Name	F13B
Protein Name	Coagulation factor XIII B chain
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the Internal region of human F13B. AA range:500-550
Specificity	Factor XIII B Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Factor XIII B protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	F13B; Coagulation factor XIII B chain; Fibrin-stabilizing factor B subunit; Protein-glutamine gamma-glutamyltransferase B chain; Transglutaminase B chain
Observed Band	65kD
Cell Pathway	Secreted .
Tissue Specificity	Heart,Liver,Plasma,
Function	disease:Defects in F13B can result in a lifelong bleeding tendency, defective wound healing, and habitual abortion.,function:The B chain of factor XIII is not catalytically active, but is thought to stabilize the A subunits and regulate the rate of transglutaminase formation by thrombin.,online information:Factor XIII entry,online information:The Singapore human mutation and polymorphism database,similarity:Contains 10 Sushi (CCP/SCR) domains.,subunit:Tetramer of two A chains and two B chains.,
Background	This gene encodes coagulation factor XIII B subunit. Coagulation factor XIII is the last zymogen to become activated in the blood coagulation cascade. Plasma factor XIII is a heterotetramer composed of 2 A subunits and 2 B subunits. The A subunits have catalytic function, and the B subunits do not have enzymatic activity and may serve as a plasma carrier molecules. Platelet factor XIII is comprised



only of 2 A subunits, which are identical to those of plasma origin. Upon activation by the cleavage of the activation peptide by thrombin and in the presence of calcium ion, the plasma factor XIII dissociates its B subunits and yields the same active enzyme, factor XIIIa, as platelet factor XIII. This enzyme acts as a transglutaminase to catalyze the formation of gamma-glutamyl-epsilon-lysine crosslinking between fibrin molecules, thus stabilizing the fibrin clot. Factor XIII deficiency is classi

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images

Western Blot analysis of various cells using Factor XIII B Monoclonal Antibody

