



## Dynein IC1 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-03127
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	DNAI1
Protein Name	Dynein intermediate chain 1 axonemal
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human DNAI1. AA range:211-260
Specificity	Dynein IC1 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Dynein IC1 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	DNAI1; Dynein intermediate chain 1; axonemal; Axonemal dynein intermediate chain 1
Observed Band	79kD
Cell Pathway	Dynein axonemal particle . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium axoneme .
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in respiratory ciliated cells (at protein level).
Function	disease:Defects in DNAI1 are the cause of Kartagener syndrome (KTGS) [MIM:244400]. KTGS is an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by the association of primary ciliary dyskinesia with situs inversus. Clinical features include recurrent respiratory infections, bronchiectasis, infertility, and lateral transposition of the viscera of the thorax and abdomen. The situs inversus is most often total, although it can be partial in some cases (isolated dextrocardia or isolated transposition of abdominal viscera).,disease:Defects in DNAI1 are the cause of primary ciliary dyskinesia type 1 (CILD1) [MIM:244400]. CILD1 is an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by axonemal abnormalities of motile cilia. Respiratory infections leading to chronic inflammation and bronchiectasis are recurrent, due to defects in the respiratory cilia; reduced fertility is often observed in male patients due



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**Background** 

This gene encodes a member of the dynein intermediate chain family. The encoded protein is part of the dynein complex in respiratory cilia. The inner- and outer-arm dyneins, which bridge between the doublet microtubules in axonemes, are the force-generating proteins responsible for the sliding movement in axonemes. The intermediate and light chains, thought to form the base of the dynein arm, help mediate attachment and may also participate in regulating dynein activity. Mutations in this gene result in abnormal ciliary ultrastructure and function associated with primary ciliary dyskinesia and Kartagener syndrome.

Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013],

matters needing attention

DNAI1

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions** 

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## **Products Images**



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Western Blot analysis of various cells using Dynein IC1 Monoclonal Antibody