





PSMD12 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-02768
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	PSMD12
Protein Name	26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 12
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human PSMD12. AA range:151-200
Specificity	PSMD12 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PSMD12 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms Observed Band	PSMD12; 26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 12; 26S proteasome regulatory subunit RPN5; 26S proteasome regulatory subunit p55 50kD
Cell Pathway	proteasome complex,nucleoplasm,cytoplasm,cytosol,proteasome regulatory particle,proteasome regulatory particle, lid subcomplex,membrane,proteasome accessory complex,nuclear proteasome complex,extracellular exosome,
Tissue Specificity	Brain,Muscle,Platelet,Testis,Tongue,
Function	function:Acts as a regulatory subunit of the 26S proteasome which is involved in the ATP-dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins.,similarity:Belongs to the proteasome subunit p55 family.,similarity:Contains 1 PCI domain.,subunit:Component of the PA700 complex.,
Background	The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An



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essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes a non-ATPase subunit of the 19S regulator. A pseudogene has been identified on chromosome 3. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

