



# PSMC6 Monoclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-mAb-02766
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse
<b>Applications</b>	WB
<b>Gene Name</b>	PSMC6
<b>Protein Name</b>	26S protease regulatory subunit 10B
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human PSMC6. AA range:61-110
<b>Specificity</b>	PSMC6 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PSMC6 protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-1:2000
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	PSMC6; SUG2; 26S protease regulatory subunit 10B; 26S proteasome AAA-ATPase subunit RPT4; Proteasome 26S subunit ATPase 6; Proteasome subunit p42
<b>Observed Band</b>	44kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Cytoplasm . Nucleus .
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Aorta,Urinary bladder,
<b>Function</b>	function:The 26S protease is involved in the ATP-dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins. The regulatory (or ATPase) complex confers ATP dependency and substrate specificity to the 26S complex.,similarity:Belongs to the AAA ATPase family.,subunit:Found in the multi-protein complexes: the 26S proteasome (formed from the 20S proteasome and PA700), and the modulator. PA700 consists of 28 subunits arranged to form a cylinder-shaped complex by four stacked rings, each containing seven subunits. Interacts with PAAF1.,
<b>Background</b>	proteasome 26S subunit, ATPase 6(PSMC6) Homo sapiens The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is



composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes one of the ATPase subunits, a member of the triple-A family of ATPases which have a chaperone-like activity. Pseudogenes have been identified on chrom

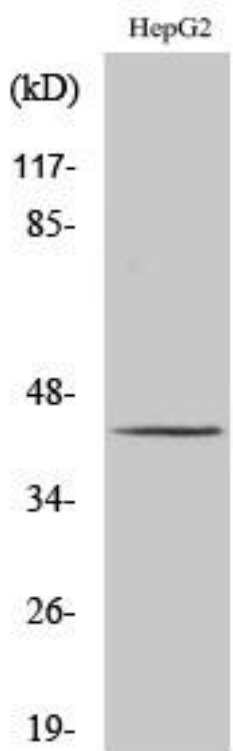
**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

**Products Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using PSMC6 Monoclonal Antibody