



# C/EBP $\alpha$ Monoclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-mAb-01579
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse;Rat
<b>Applications</b>	WB
<b>Gene Name</b>	CEBPA
<b>Protein Name</b>	CCAAT/enhancer-binding protein alpha
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human C/EBP-alpha. AA range:6-55
<b>Specificity</b>	C/EBP $\alpha$ Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of C/EBP $\alpha$ protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-1:2000
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	$\geq 90\%$
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	CEBPA; CCAAT/enhancer-binding protein alpha; C/EBP alpha
<b>Observed Band</b>	42kd
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Nucleus .; [Isoform 4]: Nucleus, nucleolus .
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Liver,Pancreas,Umbilical cord,White Matter pool- 5 brain tissues- f
<b>Function</b>	function:C/EBP is a DNA-binding protein that recognizes two different motifs: the CCAAT homology common to many promoters and the enhanced core homology common to many enhancers.,similarity:Belongs to the bZIP family.,similarity:Belongs to the bZIP family. C/EBP subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 bZIP domain.,subunit:Binds DNA as a dimer and can form stable heterodimers with C/EBP beta and gamma. Interacts with UBN1. Interacts with HBV protein X.,
<b>Background</b>	This intronless gene encodes a transcription factor that contains a basic leucine zipper (bZIP) domain and recognizes the CCAAT motif in the promoters of target genes. The encoded protein functions in homodimers and also heterodimers with CCAAT/enhancer-binding proteins beta and gamma. Activity of this protein can modulate the expression of genes involved in cell cycle regulation as well as in body weight homeostasis. Mutation of this gene is associated with acute myeloid leukemia. The use of alternative in-frame non-AUG (GUG) and AUG start codons results in protein isoforms with different lengths. Differential translation initiation is



mediated by an out-of-frame, upstream open reading frame which is located between the GUG and the first AUG start codons. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2013],

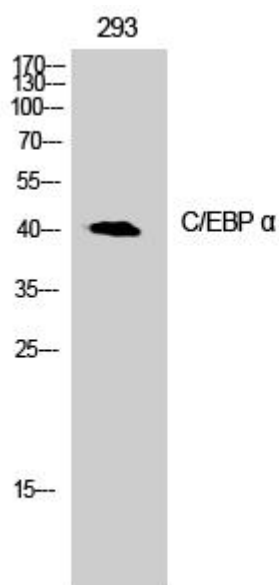
**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

**Products Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using C/EBP  $\alpha$  Monoclonal Antibody