



NPT2b Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-00763
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	SLC34A2
Protein Name	Sodium-dependent phosphate transport protein 2B
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from NPT2b . at AA range: 630-710
Specificity	NPT2b Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of NPT2b protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	SLC34A2; Sodium-dependent phosphate transport protein 2B; Sodium-phosphate transport protein 2B; Na(+)-dependent phosphate cotransporter 2B; NaPi3b; Sodium/phosphate cotransporter 2B; Na(+)/Pi cotransporter 2B; NaPi-2b; Solute carrier family 34 member 2
Observed Band	75kD
Cell Pathway	Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.
Tissue Specificity	Highly expressed in lung. Also detected in pancreas, kidney, small intestine, ovary, testis, prostate and mammary gland. In lung, it is found in alveolar type II cells but not in bronchiolar epithelium.
Function	disease:Defects in SLC34A2 are a cause of pulmonary alveolar microlithiasis [MIM:265100]. Pulmonary alveolar microlithiasis is a rare disease characterized by the deposition of calcium phosphate microliths throughout the lungs. Most patients are asymptomatic for several years or even for decades and generally, the diagnosis is incidental to clinical investigations unrelated to the disease. Cases with early onset or rapid progression are rare. A 'sandstorm-appearing' chest roentgenogram is a typical diagnostic finding. The onset of this potentially lethal disease varies from the neonatal period to old age and the disease follows a long-term, progressive course, resulting in a slow deterioration of lung functions. Pulmonary alveolar microlithiasis is a recessive monogenic disease with full penetrance.,function:May be involved in actively transporting phosphate into cells



via Na(+) cotransp

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a pH-sensitive sodium-dependent phosphate transporter. Phosphate uptake is increased at lower pH. Defects in this gene are a cause of pulmonary alveolar microlithiasis. Three transcript variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2010],

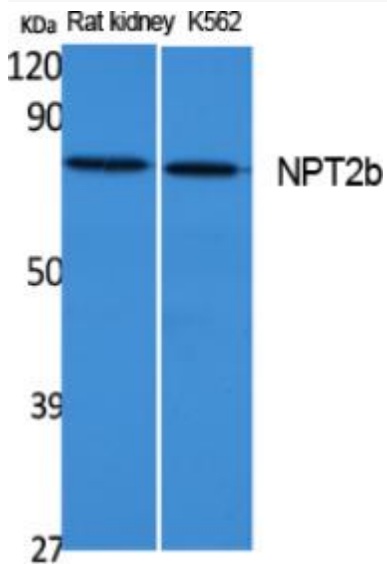
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis of extracts from rat kidney, K562 cells, using NPT2b Monoclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000