



v-SNARE Vti1a Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-00755
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	VTI1A
Protein Name	Vesicle transport through interaction with t-SNAREs homolog 1A
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human VTI1A. AA range:31-80
Specificity	v-SNARE Vti1a Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of v-SNARE Vti1a protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	VTI1A; Vesicle transport through interaction with t-SNAREs homolog 1A; Vesicle transport v-SNARE protein Vti1-like 2; Vti1-rp2
Observed Band	23kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasmic vesicle . Golgi apparatus membrane ; Single-pass type IV membrane protein .
Tissue Specificity	Lung,
Function	function:V-SNARE that mediates vesicle transport pathways through interactions with t-SNAREs on the target membrane. These interactions are proposed to mediate aspects of the specificity of vesicle trafficking and to promote fusion of the lipid bilayers. May be concerned with increased secretion of cytokines associated with cellular senescence.,similarity:Belongs to the VTI1 family.,
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the family of soluble N-ethylmaleimide-sensitive fusion protein-attachment protein receptors (SNAREs) that function in intracellular trafficking. This family member is involved in vesicular transport between endosomes and the trans-Golgi network. It is a vesicle-associated SNARE (v-SNARE) that interacts with target membrane SNAREs (t-SNAREs). Polymorphisms in this gene have been associated with binocular function, and also with susceptibility to colorectal and lung cancers. A recurrent rearrangement has been found between this gene and the transcription



factor 7-like 2 (TCF7L2) gene in colorectal cancers. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2015],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images

