





## TRADD Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-00538
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Monkey
Applications	WB
Gene Name	TRADD
Protein Name	Tumor necrosis factor receptor type 1-associated DEATH domain protein
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human TRADD. AA range:251-300
Specificity	TRADD Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of TRADD protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	TRADD; Tumor necrosis factor receptor type 1-associated DEATH domain protein; TNFR1-associated DEATH domain protein; TNFRSF1A-associated via death domain
Observed Band	34kD
Cell Pathway	Nucleus . Cytoplasm . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Shuttles between the cytoplasm and the nucleus
Tissue Specificity	Found in all examined tissues.
Function	domain:Requires the intact DEATH domain to associate with TNFRSF1A/TNFR1.,function:Adapter molecule for TNFRSF1A/TNFR1 that specifically associates with the cytoplasmic domain of activated TNFRSF1A/TNFR1 mediating its interaction with FADD. Overexpression of TRADD leads to two major TNF-induced responses, apoptosis and activation of NF-kappa-B.,similarity:Contains 1 death domain.,subunit:Heterodimer with TNFRSF1A/TNFR1. Interacts with DAB2IP, FADD, HIPK2, KRT14, KRT16, KRT17, KRT18, RIPK1, SQSTM1, TRAF1, TRAF2 and TRPC4AP.,tissue specificity:Found in all examined tissues.,
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a death domain containing adaptor molecule that interacts with TNFRSF1A/TNFR1 and mediates programmed cell death signaling and NF-kapMAB activation. This protein binds adaptor protein TRAF2,



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reduces the recruitment of inhibitor-of-apoptosis proteins (IAPs) by TRAF2, and thus suppresses TRAF2 mediated apoptosis. This protein can also interact with receptor TNFRSF6/FAS and adaptor protein FADD/MORT1, and is involved in the Fas-induced cell death pathway. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions** 

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

