



AGAP2 mouse mAb

Catalog No	YP-mAb-18095
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	AGAP2 CENTG1 KIAA0167
Protein Name	Arf-GAP with GTPase, ANK repeat and PH domain-containing protein 2 (AGAP-2) (Centaurin-gamma-1) (Cnt-g1) (GTP-binding and GTPase-activating protein 2) (GGAP2) (Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase enhancer)
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human AGAP2
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of AGAP2 at Human, Mouse,Rat
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	
Observed Band	131kD
Cell Pathway	[Isoform 1]: Cytoplasm. Nucleus.; [Isoform 2]: Cytoplasm.
Tissue Specificity	Isoform 1 is brain-specific. Isoform 2 is ubiquitously expressed, with highest levels in brain and heart.
Function	GTPase-activating protein (GAP) for ARF1 and ARF5, which also shows strong GTPase activity. Isoform 1 participates in the prevention of neuronal apoptosis by enhancing PI3 kinase activity. It aids the coupling of metabotropic glutamate receptor 1 (GRM1) to cytoplasmic PI3 kinase by interacting with Homer scaffolding proteins, and also seems to mediate anti-apoptotic effects of NGF by activating nuclear PI3 kinase. Isoform 2 does not stimulate PI3 kinase but may protect cells from apoptosis by stimulating Akt. It also regulates the adapter protein 1 (AP-1)-dependent trafficking of proteins in the endosomal system. It seems to be oncogenic. It is overexpressed in cancer cells, prevents apoptosis and promotes cancer cell invasion.
Background	

**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images