



ILK Monoclonal Antibody

YP-mAb-14784
IgG
Human;Mouse;Rat
WB
ILK
Integrin-linked protein kinase
The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human ILK. AA range:212-261
ILK Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ILK protein.
Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
WB 1:500-1:2000
1 mg/ml
≥90%
-20°C/1 year
ILK; ILK1; ILK2; Integrin-linked protein kinase; 59 kDa serine/threonine-protein kinase; ILK-1; ILK-2; p59ILK
42kD
Cell junction, focal adhesion . Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side . Cell projection, lamellipodium . Cytoplasm, myofibril, sarcomere .
Highly expressed in heart followed by skeletal muscle, pancreas and kidney. Weakly expressed in placenta, lung and liver.
catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,domain:A PH-like domain is involved in phosphatidylinositol phosphate binding.,enzyme regulation:Stimulated rapidly but transiently by both cell fibronectin interactions, as well as by insulin, in a PI3-K-dependent manner, likely via the binding of PtdIns(3,4,5)P3 with a PH-like domain of ILK.,function:Receptor-proximal protein kinase regulating integrin-mediated signal transduction. May act as a mediator of inside-out integrin signaling. Focal adhesion protein part of the complex ILK-PINCH. This complex is considered to be one of the convergence points of integrin- and growth factor-signaling pathway. Could be implicated in mediating cell architecture, adhesion to integrin substrates and anchorage-dependent growth in epithelial cells. Phosphorylates beta-1 and beta-3 integrin subunit on serine and threonine residues, but also



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Background	This gene encodes a protein with a kinase-like domain and four ankyrin-like repeats. The encoded protein associates at the cell membrane with the cytoplasmic domain of beta integrins, where it regulates integrin-mediated signal transduction. Activity of this protein is important in the epithelial to mesenchymal transition, and over-expression of this gene is implicated in tumor growth and metastasis. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2013],
matters needing attention	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!
Usage suggestions	This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images