



SMC3 Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-mAb-04931
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	SMC3 BAM BMH CSPG6 SMC3L1
Protein Name	Structural maintenance of chromosomes protein 3 (SMC protein 3) (SMC-3) (Basement membrane-associated chondroitin proteoglycan) (Bamacan) (Chondroitin sulfate proteoglycan 6) (Chromosome-associated po
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 1010-1090
Specificity	SMC3 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-1:2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	
Observed Band	133kD
Cell Pathway	Nucleus . Chromosome . Chromosome, centromere . Associates with chromatin. Before prophase it is scattered along chromosome arms. During prophase, most of cohesin complexes dissociate from chromatin probably because of phosphorylation by PLK, except at centromeres, where cohesin complexes remain. At anaphase, the RAD21 subunit of the cohesin complex is cleaved, leading to the dissociation of the complex from chromosomes, allowing chromosome separation. The phosphorylated form at Ser-1083 is preferentially associated with unsynapsed chromosomal regions (By similarity). .
Tissue Specificity	B-cell,Epithelium,Eye,Neuron,Umbilical cord blood,
Function	caution:Was originally isolated as a proteoglycan protein (explaining its name). Although not excluded, such secreted function is not clear.,disease:Defects in SMC3 are the cause of Cornelia de Lange syndrome type 3 (CDLS3) [MIM:610759]. CDLS is a dominantly inherited multisystem developmental disorder characterized by growth and cognitive retardation, abnormalities of the upper limbs, gastroesophageal dysfunction, cardiac, ophthalmologic and genitourinary anomalies, hirsutism, and characteristic facial features. CDLS3 is a mild form with absence of major structural anomalies typically associated with



CDLS. The phenotype in some instances approaches that of apparently non-syndromic mental retardation. domain: The flexible hinge domain, which separates the large intramolecular coiled coil regions, allows the heterotypic interaction with the corresponding domain of SMC1A or SMC1B, forming a

Background

This gene belongs to the SMC3 subfamily of SMC proteins. The encoded protein occurs in certain cell types as either an intracellular, nuclear protein or a secreted protein. The nuclear form, known as structural maintenance of chromosomes 3, is a component of the multimeric cohesin complex that holds together sister chromatids during mitosis, enabling proper chromosome segregation. Post-translational modification of the encoded protein by the addition of chondroitin sulfate chains gives rise to the secreted proteoglycan bamacan, an abundant basement membrane protein. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images