

**(** Tel: 400-999-8863 ■ Email:Upingbio.163.com



## AGTR1 Polyclonal Antibody

| Catalog No         | YP-Ab-10820   |
|--------------------|---|
| Isotype            | IgG   |
| Reactivity         | Human;Mouse;Rat   |
| Applications       | WB;ELISA  |
| Gene Name          | AGTR1 AGTR1A AGTR1B AT2R1 AT2R1B  |
| Protein Name       | Type-1 angiotensin II receptor (AT1AR) (AT1BR) (Angiotensin II type-1 receptor) (AT1)   |
| Immunogen          | Synthesized peptide derived from human AGTR1 Polyclonal   |
| Specificity        | This antibody detects endogenous levels of AGTR1.   |
| Formulation        | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.   |
| Source             | Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG  |
| Purification       | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.   |
| Dilution           | WB 1:500-2000, ELISA 1:10000-20000  |
| Concentration      | 1 mg/ml   |
| Purity             | ≥90%  |
| Storage Stability  | -20°C/1 year  |
| Synonyms           | Type-1 angiotensin II receptor (AT1AR) (AT1BR) (Angiotensin II type-1 receptor) (AT1)   |
| Observed Band      | 41kD  |
| Cell Pathway       | Cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein .   |
| Tissue Specificity | Liver, lung, adrenal and adrenocortical adenomas.   |
| Function           | disease:Defects in AGTR1 are a cause of renal tubular dysgenesis (RTD) [MIM:267430]. RTD is an autosomal recessive severe disorder of renal tubular development characterized by persistent fetal anuria and perinatal death, probably due to pulmonary hypoplasia from early-onset oligohydramnios (the Potter phenotype).,function:Receptor for angiotensin II. Mediates its action by association with G proteins that activate a phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system.,online information:Angiotensin receptor entry,online information:The Singapore human mutation and polymorphism database,PTM:C-terminal Ser or Thr residues may be phosphorylated.,similarity:Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family.,tissue specificity:Liver, lung, adrenal and adrenocortical adenomas., |
| Background         | Angiotensin II is a potent vasopressor hormone and a primary regulator of aldosterone secretion. It is an important effector controlling blood pressure and volume in the cardiovascular system. It acts through at least two types of  |



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receptors. This gene encodes the type 1 receptor which is thought to mediate the major cardiovascular effects of angiotensin II. This gene may play a role in the generation of reperfusion arrhythmias following restoration of blood flow to ischemic or infarcted myocardium. It was previously thought that a related gene, denoted as AGTR1B, existed; however, it is now believed that there is only one type 1 receptor gene in humans. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been reported for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2012],

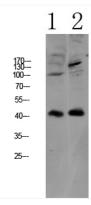
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions** 

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## **Products Images**



1 mouse-liver

2 mouse-kidney

Western blot analysis of various lysate, antibody was diluted at 1000. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000