





# KCNC3 rabbit pAb

Catalog No	YP-Ab-08347
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human; Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB
Gene Name	KCNC3
Protein Name	KCNC3
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human KCNC3 AA range: 303-353
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of KCNC3 at Human/Mouse/Rat
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1: 500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	
Observed Band	

#### Observed Band

#### **Cell Pathway**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell junction, synapse, presynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell junction, synapse, presynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Perikaryon. Cell projection, axon. Cell projection, dendrite. Cell projection, dendritic spine membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasm, cell cortex. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Detected on Purkinje cell dendritic spines, positioned perisynaptically but also in extrasynaptic positions along the spine membranes (By similarity). Detected at presynaptic calices of Held (By similarity). Colocalizes with the cortical actin cytoskeleton and the Arp2/3 complex (PubMed:26997484).

### **Tissue Specificity**

#### **Function**

disease:Defects in KCNC3 are the cause of spinocerebellar ataxia type 13 (SCA13) [MIM:605259]. Spinocerebellar ataxia is a clinically and genetically heterogeneous group of cerebellar disorders. Patients show progressive incoordination of gait and often poor coordination of hands, speech and eye movements, due to degenerate of the beginning of the project of the cerebellum with variable involvement of the brainstem and spinal cord. SCA13 is an autosomal dominant cerebellar ataxia (ADCA) characterized by slow progression and variable age at onset, ranging from childhood to late adulthood. Mental retardation can be present in some patients.,domain:The segment S4 is probably the voltage-sensor and is characterized by a series of positively charged amino acids at every third



## UpingBio technology Co.,Ltd

📞 Tel: 400-999-8863 磨 Email:UpingBio@163.com



position.,domain:The tail may be important in modulation of channel activity and/or targeting of the channel to specific subcellular compartments.,f

**Background** 

The Shaker gene family of Drosophila encodes components of voltage-gated potassium channels and is comprised of four subfamilies. Based on sequence similarity, this gene is similar to one of these subfamilies, namely the Shaw subfamily. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the delayed rectifier class of channel proteins and is an integral membrane protein that mediates the voltage-dependent potassium ion permeability of excitable membranes. Alternate splicing results in several transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2014],

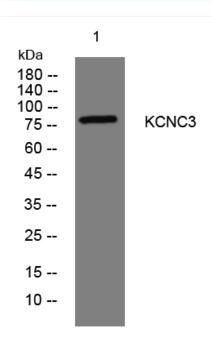
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions** 

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## **Products Images**



Western blot analysis of lysates from 3T3 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4°over night