



GALT2 rabbit pAb

Catalog No	YP-Ab-08079
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human; Mouse
Applications	WB
Gene Name	GALNT2
Protein Name	GALT2
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human GALT2 AA range: 30-80
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of GALT2 at Human/Mouse
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.194% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	Polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 2 (EC 2.4.1.41) (Polypeptide GalNAc transferase 2) (GalNAc-T2) (pp-GaNTase 2) (Protein-UDP acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 2) (UDP-GalNAc:polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 2) [Cleaved into: Polypeptide N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase 2 soluble form]
Observed Band	65kD
Cell Pathway	Golgi apparatus, Golgi stack membrane ; Single-pass type II membrane protein . Secreted . Resides preferentially in the trans and medial parts of the Golgi stack. A secreted form also exists.
Tissue Specificity	Widely expressed.
Function	catalytic activity:UDP-N-acetyl-D-galactosamine + polypeptide = UDP + N-acetyl-D-galactosaminyl-polypeptide.,cofactor:Calcium.,cofactor:Manganese.,domain:The ricin B-type lectin domain binds to GalNAc and contributes to the glycopeptide specificity.,domain:There are two conserved domains in the glycosyltransferase region: the N-terminal domain (domain A, also called GT1 motif), which is probably involved in manganese coordination and substrate binding and the C-terminal domain (domain B, also called Gal/GalNAc-T motif), which is probably involved in catalytic reaction and UDP-Gal binding.,function:Catalyzes the initial reaction in O-linked oligosaccharide



biosynthesis, the transfer of an N-acetyl-D-galactosamine residue to a serine or threonine residue on the protein receptor. Has a broad spectrum of substrates for peptides such as EA2, Muc5AC, Muc1a, Muc1b. Probably involved in O-linked

Background

This gene encodes a member of the glycosyltransferase 2 protein family. Members of this family initiate mucin-type O-glycosylation of peptides in the Golgi apparatus. The encoded protein may be involved in O-linked glycosylation of the immunoglobulin A1 hinge region. This gene may influence triglyceride levels, and may be involved Type 2 diabetes, as well as several types of cancer. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, May 2014],

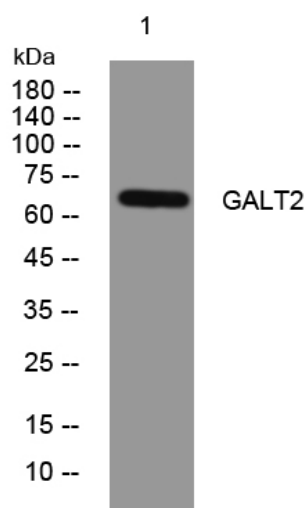
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from MCF-7 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night