



# PZP Polyclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-Ab-07301
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Rat;Mouse;
<b>Applications</b>	WB;ELISA
<b>Gene Name</b>	PZP CPAMD6
<b>Protein Name</b>	Pregnancy zone protein (C3 and PZP-like alpha-2-macroglobulin domain-containing protein 6)
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 1301-1350
<b>Specificity</b>	PZP Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	
<b>Observed Band</b>	163kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Secreted.
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Plasma. Prominent constituent of late-pregnancy sera.
<b>Function</b>	function:Is able to inhibit all four classes of proteinases by a unique 'trapping' mechanism. This protein has a peptide stretch, called the 'bait region' which contains specific cleavage sites for different proteinases. When a proteinase cleaves the bait region, a conformational change is induced in the protein which traps the proteinase. The entrapped enzyme remains active against low molecular weight substrates (activity against high molecular weight substrates is greatly reduced). Following cleavage in the bait region a thioester bond is hydrolyzed and mediates the covalent binding of the protein to the proteinase.,similarity:Belongs to the protease inhibitor I39 (alpha-2-macroglobulin) family.,subunit:Homotetramer, which consists of two pairs of disulfide-linked chains.,tissue specificity:Plasma. Prominent constituent of late-pregnancy sera.,
<b>Background</b>	function:Is able to inhibit all four classes of proteinases by a unique 'trapping' mechanism. This protein has a peptide stretch, called the 'bait region' which contains specific cleavage sites for different proteinases. When a proteinase cleaves the bait region, a conformational change is induced in the protein which

traps the proteinase. The entrapped enzyme remains active against low molecular weight substrates (activity against high molecular weight substrates is greatly reduced). Following cleavage in the bait region a thioester bond is hydrolyzed and mediates the covalent binding of the protein to the proteinase.,similarity:Belongs to the protease inhibitor I39 (alpha-2-macroglobulin) family.,subunit:Homotetramer, which consists of two pairs of disulfide-linked chains.,tissue specificity:Plasma. Prominent constituent of late-pregnancy sera.,

**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## Products Images