



PTPRM Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-06974
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	PTPRM PTPRL1
Protein Name	Receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase mu (Protein-tyrosine phosphatase mu) (R-PTP-mu) (EC 3.1.3.48)
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein. AA range 21-61
Specificity	PTPRM Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	
Observed Band	159kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Localizes in regions of cell-cell contact. .
Tissue Specificity	Brain,Clones donated by RIKEN,Plasma,Testis,
Function	catalytic activity:Protein tyrosine phosphate + H(2)O = protein tyrosine + phosphate.,function:Involved in cell-cell adhesion through homophilic interactions. May play a key role in signal transduction and growth control.,similarity:Belongs to the protein-tyrosine phosphatase family. Receptor class 2B subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain.,similarity:Contains 1 MAM domain.,similarity:Contains 1 tyrosine-protein phosphatase domain.,similarity:Contains 2 tyrosine-protein phosphatase domains.,similarity:Contains 4 fibronectin type-III domains.,
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP possesses an extracellular region, a single transmembrane region, and two tandem catalytic domains, and thus represents a receptor-type PTP. The extracellular region contains a meprin-A5 antigen-PTP mu (MAM) domain, an Ig-like domain and four fibronectin type III-like



repeats. This PTP has been shown to mediate cell-cell aggregation through the interaction with another molecule of this PTP on an adjacent cell. This PTP can interact with scaffolding protein RACK1/GNB2L1, which may be necessary for the downstream signaling in response to cell-cell adhesion. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcrip

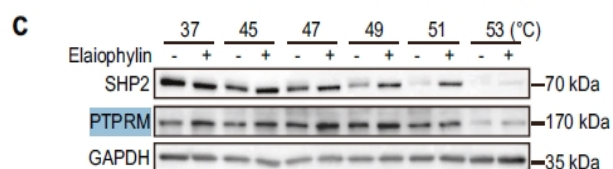
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Elaiophyllin triggers paraptosis and preferentially kills ovarian cancer drug-resistant cells by inducing MAPK hyperactivation
Signal Transduction and Targeted Therapy
Yong Fang
WB
Human