





## SKAP1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-06866
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	SKAP1 SCAP1 SKAP55
Protein Name	Src kinase-associated phosphoprotein 1 (Src family-associated phosphoprotein 1) (Src kinase-associated phosphoprotein of 55 kDa) (SKAP-55) (pp55)
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein
Specificity	SKAP1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	
Observed Band	39kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Cell membrane . Upon T-cell stimulation, translocates to lipid rafts at the cell membrane
Tissue Specificity	Highly expressed in thymocytes and peripheral blood lymphocytes. Also expressed in spleen cells and testis. Present in T-cells (at protein level).
Function	domain:The SH3 domain interacts with FYB.,function:Positively regulates T-cell receptor signaling by enhancing the MAP kinase pathway. Required for optimal conjugation between T-cells and antigen-presenting cells by promoting the clustering of integrin ITGAL on the surface of T-cells. May be involved in high affinity immunoglobulin epsilon receptor signaling in mast cells.,PTM:Phosphorylated on tyrosines. Phosphorylation by FYN on Tyr-271 is required for GRB2 interaction. Phosphorylation by FYN on Tyr-295 abolishes interaction with FYB. Tyr-232 is dephosphorylated by PTPRC.,similarity:Belongs to the SKAP family.,similarity:Contains 1 PH domain.,similarity:Contains 1 SH3 domain.,subcellular location:Upon T-cell stimulation, translocates to lipid rafts at the cell membrane.,subunit:Homodimer. Interacts with FYN and PTPRC. Interacts with GRB2 when phosphorylated on Tyr-271. Interacts with F
Background	This gene encodes a T cell adaptor protein, a class of intracellular molecules with modular domains capable of recruiting additional proteins but that exhibit no



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intrinsic enzymatic activity. The encoded protein contains a unique N-terminal region followed by a PH domain and C-terminal SH3 domain. Along with the adhesion and degranulation-promoting adaptor protein, the encoded protein plays a critical role in inside-out signaling by coupling T-cell antigen receptor stimulation to the activation of integrins. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

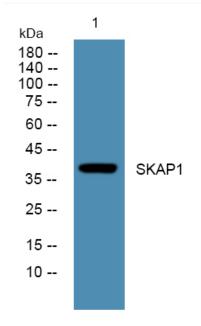
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions** 

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## **Products Images**



Western blot analysis of lysates from KB cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night