



KHDR3 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-05684
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	KHDRBS3 SALP SLM2
Protein Name	KH domain-containing, RNA-binding, signal transduction-associated protein 3 (RNA-binding protein T-Star) (Sam68-like mammalian protein 2) (SLM-2) (Sam68-like phosphotyrosine protein)
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein
Specificity	KHDR3 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	
Observed Band	38kD
Cell Pathway	Nucleus . Localized in a compartment adjacent to the nucleolus, but distinct from the peri-nucleolar one.
Tissue Specificity	Ubiquitous with higher expression in testis, skeletal muscle and brain. Expressed in the kidney only in podocytes, the glomerular epithelial cells of the kidney. Strongly expressed after meiosis.
Function	domain:The proline-rich site binds the SH3 domain of the p85 subunit of PI3-kinase.,function:RNA-binding protein that plays a role in the regulation of alternative splicing and influences mRNA splice site selection and exon inclusion. May play a role as a negative regulator of cell growth. Inhibits cell proliferation. Involved in splice site selection of vascular endothelial growth factor. Induces an increased concentration-dependent incorporation of exon in CD44 pre-mRNA by direct binding to purine-rich exonic enhancer. RNA-binding abilities are down-regulated by tyrosine kinase PTK6. Involved in post-transcriptional regulation of HIV-1 gene expression.,induction:Induced in proteinuric diseases. Down-regulated in immortalized fibroblasts isolated after a proliferative crisis accompanied with massive cell death.,PTM:Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues. Isoform 1 C-terminal region is tyro

**Background**

domain: The proline-rich site binds the SH3 domain of the p85 subunit of PI3-kinase. function: RNA-binding protein that plays a role in the regulation of alternative splicing and influences mRNA splice site selection and exon inclusion. May play a role as a negative regulator of cell growth. Inhibits cell proliferation. Involved in splice site selection of vascular endothelial growth factor. Induces an increased concentration-dependent incorporation of exon in CD44 pre-mRNA by direct binding to purine-rich exonic enhancer. RNA-binding abilities are down-regulated by tyrosine kinase PTK6. Involved in post-transcriptional regulation of HIV-1 gene expression. induction: Induced in proteinuric diseases. Down-regulated in immortalized fibroblasts isolated after a proliferative crisis accompanied with massive cell death. PTM: Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues. Isoform 1 C-terminal region is tyrosine-rich, but isoform 2 lacking this C-terminal region is also tyrosine-phosphorylated. similarity: Belongs to the KHDRBS family. similarity: Contains 1 KH domain. subcellular location: Localized in a compartment adjacent to the nucleolus, but distinct from the peri-nucleolar one. subunit: Self-associates to form homo-oligomers. Interacts with the splicing regulatory proteins SFRS9, SAFB and YTHDC1. Interacts also with HNRPL and SLM1/KHDRBS2 (By similarity). Interacts with KHDRBS1, RBMX, RBMY1A1 and with p85 subunit of PI3-kinase. Interacts also with SIAH1 which promotes targeting for degradation. tissue specificity: Ubiquitous with higher expression in testis, skeletal muscle and brain. Expressed in the kidney only in podocytes, the glomerular epithelial cells of the kidney. Strongly expressed after meiosis.

matters needing attention

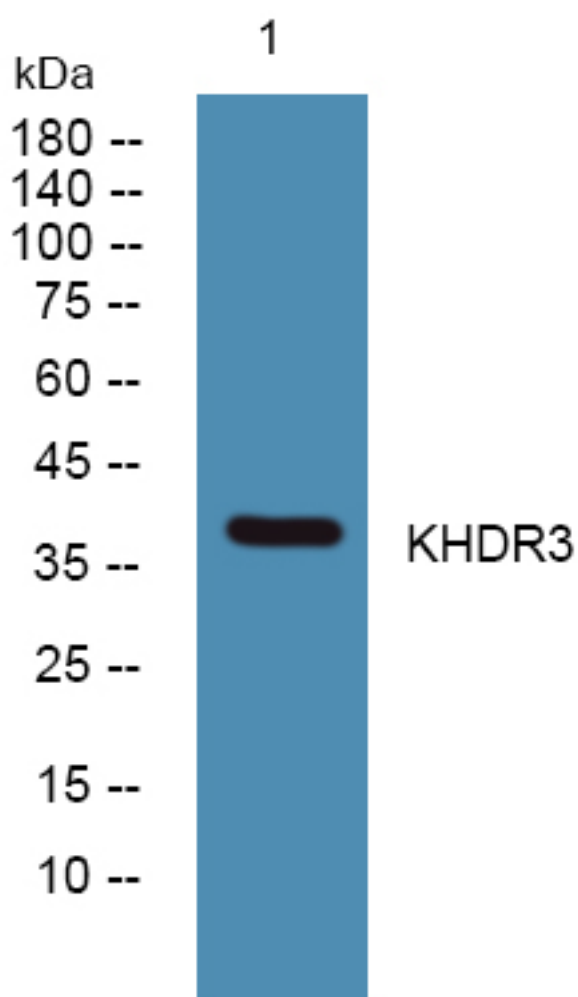
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from K562 cells,
primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night