

(Tel: 400-999-8863 ■ Email:Upingbio.163.com



VSX2 Polyclonal Antibody

| Catalog No | YP-Ab-04974 |
|---|--|
| Isotype | IgG |
| Reactivity | Human;Mouse |
| Applications | WB;ELISA |
| Gene Name | VSX2 CHX10 HOX10 |
| Protein Name | Visual system homeobox 2 (Ceh-10 homeodomain-containing homolog) (Homeobox protein CHX10) |
| Immunogen | Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 70-150 |
| Specificity | VSX2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein. |
| Formulation | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide. |
| Source | Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG |
| Purification | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. |
| Dilution | WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000 |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml |
| Purity | ≥90% |
| a. a | 000014 |
| Storage Stability | -20°C/1 year |
| Storage Stability Synonyms | -20°C/1 year |
| | -20°C/1 year 39kD |
| Synonyms | |
| Synonyms Observed Band | 39kD |
| Synonyms Observed Band Cell Pathway | 39kD Nucleus . Abundantly expressed in retinal neuroblasts during eye development and in the inner nuclear layer of the adult retina. Within this layer, expression is stronger in |
| Synonyms Observed Band Cell Pathway Tissue Specificity | Nucleus . Abundantly expressed in retinal neuroblasts during eye development and in the inner nuclear layer of the adult retina. Within this layer, expression is stronger in the outer margin where bipolar cells predominate. disease:Defects in VSX2 are the cause of microphthalmia isolated type 2 (MCOP2) [MIM:610093]; also known as isolated clinical anophthalmia. Microphthalmia is a clinically heterogeneous disorder of eye formation, ranging from small size of a single eye to complete bilateral absence of ocular tissues. Ocular abnormalities like opacities of the cornea and lens, scaring of the retina and choroid, cataractand other abnormalities like cataract may also be present., disease:Defects in VSX2 are the cause of microphthalmia isolated with coloboma type 3 (MCOPCB3) [MIM:610092]; also known as isolated colobomatous microphthalmia 3. Ocular colobomas are a set of malformations resulting from abnormal morphogenesis of the optic cup and stalk, and the fusion of the fetal fissure (optic fissure)., disease:Defects in VSX2 are the cause of |

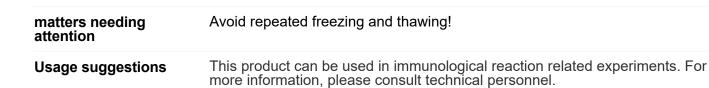


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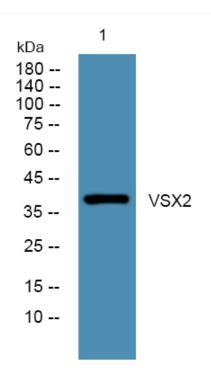
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cataracts and iris abnormalities. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009],



Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from PC12 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night