



# PLSL Polyclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-Ab-04888
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse
<b>Applications</b>	WB;ELISA
<b>Gene Name</b>	LCP1 PLS2
<b>Protein Name</b>	Plastin-2 (L-plastin) (LC64P) (Lymphocyte cytosolic protein 1) (LCP-1)
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 1-80
<b>Specificity</b>	PLSL Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	
<b>Observed Band</b>	68kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Cell junction . Cell projection . Cell projection, ruffle membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Relocalizes to the immunological synapse between peripheral blood T-lymphocytes and antibody-presenting cells in response to costimulation through TCR/CD3 and CD2 or CD28 (PubMed:17294403). Associated with the actin cytoskeleton at membrane ruffles. Relocalizes to actin-rich cell projections upon serine phosphorylation (PubMed:16636079). .
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Detected in intestinal microvilli, hair cell stereocilia, and fibroblast filopodia, in spleen and other lymph node-containing organs. Expressed in peripheral blood T-lymphocytes, neutrophils, monocytes, B-lymphocytes, and myeloid cells.
<b>Function</b>	function:Actin-binding protein found in intestinal microvilli, hair cell stereocilia, and fibroblast filopodia.,PTM:Phosphorylated.,PTM:The N-terminus is blocked.,similarity:Contains 2 actin-binding domains.,similarity:Contains 2 EF-hand domains.,similarity:Contains 4 CH (calponin-homology) domains.,subunit:Monomer.,tissue specificity:Restricted to the spleen and other lymph node-containing organs. Expressed in neutrophils, monocytes, B lymphocytes, and myeloid cells.,
<b>Background</b>	Plastins are a family of actin-binding proteins that are conserved throughout eukaryote evolution and expressed in most tissues of higher eukaryotes. In



humans, two ubiquitous plastin isoforms (L and T) have been identified. Plastin 1 (otherwise known as Fimbrin) is a third distinct plastin isoform which is specifically expressed at high levels in the small intestine. The L isoform is expressed only in hemopoietic cell lineages, while the T isoform has been found in all other normal cells of solid tissues that have replicative potential (fibroblasts, endothelial cells, epithelial cells, melanocytes, etc.). However, L-plastin has been found in many types of malignant human cells of non-hemopoietic origin suggesting that its expression is induced accompanying tumorigenesis in solid tissues. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

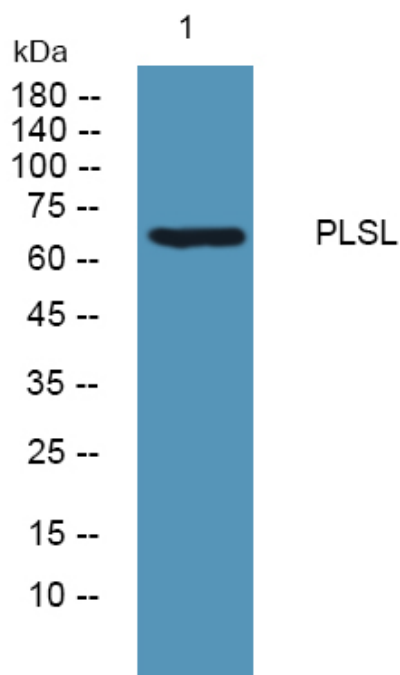
**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

**Products Images**



Western blot analysis of lysates from PC12 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night