



NARG1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-04029
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	NAA15
Protein Name	N-alpha-acetyltransferase 15 NatA auxiliary subunit
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human NARG1. AA range:221-270
Specificity	NARG1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of NARG1 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	NAA15; GA19; NARG1; NATH; TBDN100; N-alpha-acetyltransferase 15; NatA auxiliary subunit; Gastric cancer antigen Ga19; N-terminal acetyltransferase; NMDA receptor-regulated protein 1; Protein tubedown-1; Tbdn100
Observed Band	100kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Mainly cytoplasmic, nuclear in some cases. Present in the free cytosolic and cytoskeleton-bound polysomes, but not in the membrane-bound polysomes.
Tissue Specificity	Expressed at high levels in testis and in ocular endothelial cells. Also found in brain (corpus callosum), heart, colon, bone marrow and at lower levels in most adult tissues, including thyroid, liver, pancreas, mammary and salivary glands, lung, ovary, urogenital system and upper gastrointestinal tract. Overexpressed in gastric cancer, in papillary thyroid carcinomas and in a Burkitt lymphoma cell line (Daudi). Specifically suppressed in abnormal proliferating blood vessels in eyes of patients with proliferative diabetic retinopathy.
Function	function:The ARD1A-NARG1 complex displays alpha (N-terminal) acetyltransferase activity that may be important for vascular, hematopoietic and neuronal growth and development. Required to control retinal neovascularization in adult ocular endothelial cells. In complex with G22P1 and XRCC5 (Ku80), up-regulates transcription from the osteocalcin promoter.,PTM:Cleaved by



caspases during apoptosis, resulting in a stable 35 kDa fragment.,sequence caution:Contaminating sequence. Potential poly-A sequence.,similarity:Contains 8 TPR repeats.,subcellular location:Mainly cytoplasmic, nuclear in some cases. Present in the free cytosolic and cytoskeleton-bound polysomes, but not in the membrane-bound polysomes.,subunit:Interacts with ARD1A, G22P1, NAT13 and XRCC5.,tissue specificity:Expressed at high levels in testis and in ocular endothelial cells. Also found in brain (corpus callosum), heart, colon

Background

This gene encodes a protein of unknown function. However, similarity to proteins in yeast and other species suggests that this protein may be an N-acetyltransferase. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

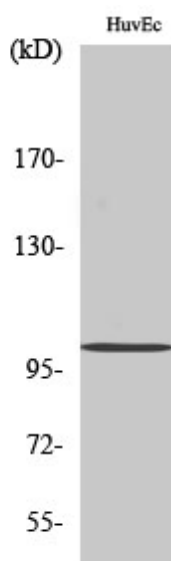
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

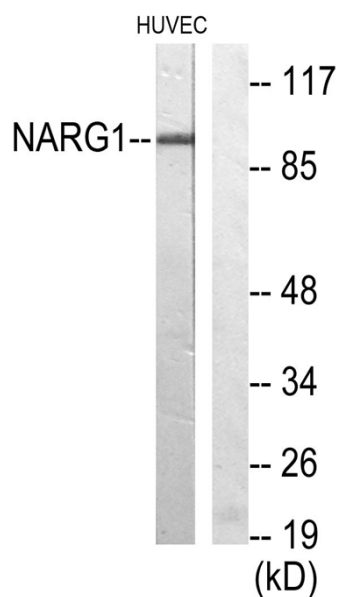
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



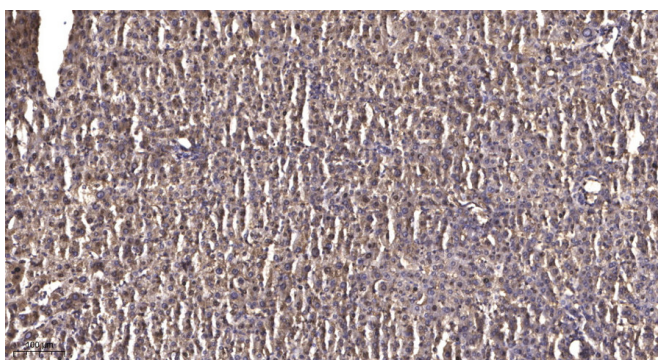
Products Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using NARG1 Polyclonal Antibody



Western blot analysis of lysates from HUVEC cells, using NARG1 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA, pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).