



CD172g Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-03750
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Monkey
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	SIRPG
Protein Name	Signal-regulatory protein gamma
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human SIRPG. AA range:101-150
Specificity	CD172g Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CD172g protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	SIRPG; SIRPB2; Signal-regulatory protein gamma; SIRP-gamma; CD172 antigen-like family member B; Signal-regulatory protein beta-2; SIRP-b2; SIRP-beta-2; CD antigen CD172g
Observed Band	42kD
Cell Pathway	Membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein .
Tissue Specificity	Detected in liver, and at very low levels in brain, heart, lung, pancreas, kidney, placenta and skeletal muscle. Expressed on CD4+ T-cells, CD8+ T-cells, CD56-bright natural killer (NK) cells, CD20+ cells, and all activated NK cells. Mainly present in the paracortical T-cell area of lymph nodes, with only sparse positive cells in the mantle and in the germinal center of B-cell follicles. In the thymus, primarily expressed in the medulla on mature T-lymphocytes that have undergone thymic selection.
Function	function:Probable immunoglobulin-like cell surface receptor. On binding with CD47, mediates cell-cell adhesion. Engagement on T-cells by CD47 on antigen-presenting cells results in enhanced antigen-specific T-cell proliferation and costimulates T-cell activation.,similarity:Contains 1 Ig-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain.,similarity:Contains 2 Ig-like C1-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains.,subunit:Interacts with CD47.,tissue specificity:Detected in liver, and at very low levels in brain, heart, lung, pancreas,



kidney, placenta and skeletal muscle. Expressed on CD4+ T-cells, CD8+ T-cells, CD56-bright natural killer (NK) cells, CD20+ cells, and all activated NK cells. Mainly present in the paracortical T-cell area of lymph nodes, with only sparse positive cells in the mantle and in the germinal center of B-cell follicles. In the thymus, primarily expressed in the medulla on mature T

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the signal-regulatory protein (SIRP) family, and also belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily. SIRP family members are receptor-type transmembrane glycoproteins known to be involved in the negative regulation of receptor tyrosine kinase-coupled signaling processes. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

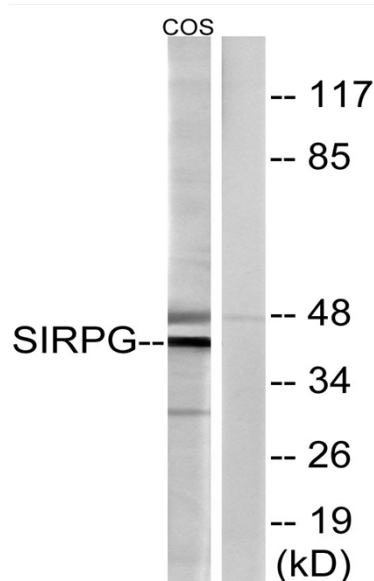
matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

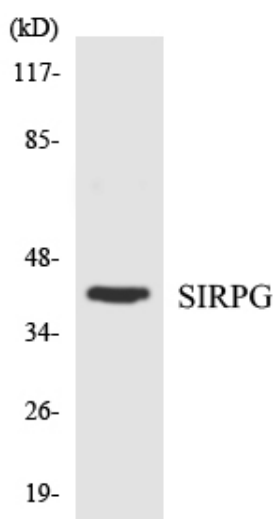
Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from COS cells, using SIRPG Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from RAW264.7 cells using SIRPG antibody.