

Tel: 400-999-8863
■ Email:Upingbio.163.com





Sec16A Polyclonal Antibody

| Catalog No | YP-Ab-02006 |
|--------------------|---|
| Isotype | IgG |
| Reactivity | Human;Rat;Mouse; |
| Applications | IHC;IF;ELISA |
| Gene Name | SEC16A |
| Protein Name | Protein transport protein Sec16A |
| Immunogen | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human SEC16A. AA range:1013-1062 |
| Specificity | Sec16A Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Sec16A protein. |
| Formulation | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. |
| Source | Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG |
| Purification | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. |
| Dilution | IHC: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/20000 IF 1:50-200 |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml |
| Purity | ≥90% |
| Storage Stability | -20°C/1 year |
| Synonyms | SEC16A; KIAA0310; SEC16; SEC16L; Protein transport protein Sec16A; SEC16 homolog A |
| Observed Band | |
| Cell Pathway | Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Microsome membrane. SAR1A activity is required to maintain SEC16A localization at discrete locations on the ER membrane perhaps by preventing its dissociation (PubMed:17192411). Localizes to endoplasmic reticulum exit sites (ERES), also known as transitional endoplasmic reticulum (tER). MIA3 and LRRK2 are required for its proper localization to ERES (PubMed:25201882, PubMed:28442536, PubMed:19638414, PubMed:17428803, PubMed:2355596). Recruited to microsomal membrane in SAR1-dependent manner (PubMed:17428803). |
| Tissue Specificity | Ubiquitous. Expressed at higher levels in the pancreas. |
| Function | function:Defines endoplasmic reticulum exit sites (ERES) and is required for secretory cargo trafic from the endoplasmic reticulum to the Golgi apparatus. SAR1A-GTP-dependent assembly of SEC16A on the ER membrane forms an organized scaffold defining an ERES. Required for normal transitional endoplasmic reticulum (tER) organization.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.,similarity:Belongs to the SEC16 |



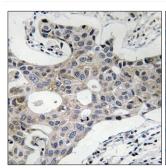
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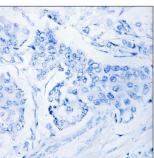
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| | family.,subcellular location:SAR1A activity is required to maintain SEC16A localization at discrete locations on the ER membrane perhaps by preventing its dissociation.,subunit:SEC16A and SEC16B are each present in multiple copies in a heteromeric complex. Interacts with SEC23A.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitous. Expressed at higher levels in the pancreas., |
|---------------------------|---|
| Background | This gene encodes a protein that forms part of the Sec16 complex. This protein has a role in protein transport from the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) to the Golgi and mediates COPII vesicle formation at the transitional ER. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants that encode different protein isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2013], |
| matters needing attention | Avoid repeated freezing and thawing! |
| Usage suggestions | This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel. |

Products Images





Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using SEC16A Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.