



# MafF Polyclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-Ab-01856
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse
<b>Applications</b>	IHC;IF;ELISA
<b>Gene Name</b>	MAFF
<b>Protein Name</b>	Transcription factor MafF
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human MAFF. AA range:51-100
<b>Specificity</b>	MafF Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of MafF protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	IHC: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/10000.. IF 1:50-200
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	MAFF; Transcription factor MafF; U-Maf; V-maf musculoaponeurotic fibrosarcoma oncogene homolog F
<b>Observed Band</b>	
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Nucleus.
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Expressed in the term myometrium and kidney.
<b>Function</b>	function:Interacts with the upstream promoter region of the oxytocin receptor gene. May be a transcriptional enhancer in the up-regulation of the oxytocin receptor gene at parturition. Since it lacks a putative transactivation domain, it may behave as a transcriptional repressor when it dimerize among himself. May also serve as a transcriptional activator by dimerizing with other (usually larger) basic-zipper proteins and recruiting them to specific DNA-binding sites. May be involved in the cellular stress response.,induction:By oxidative stress.,similarity:Belongs to the bZIP family.,similarity:Belongs to the bZIP family. Maf subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 bZIP domain.,subunit:Monomer and homo- or heterodimer. Interacts with MIP.,tissue specificity:Expressed in the term myometrium and kidney.,
<b>Background</b>	The protein encoded by this gene is a basic leucine zipper (bZIP) transcription factor that lacks a transactivation domain. It is known to bind the US-2 DNA element in the promoter of the oxytocin receptor (OTR) gene and most likely



heterodimerizes with other leucine zipper-containing proteins to enhance expression of the OTR gene during term pregnancy. The encoded protein can also form homodimers, and since it lacks a transactivation domain, the homodimer may act as a repressor of transcription. This gene may also be involved in the cellular stress response. Multiple transcript variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2009],

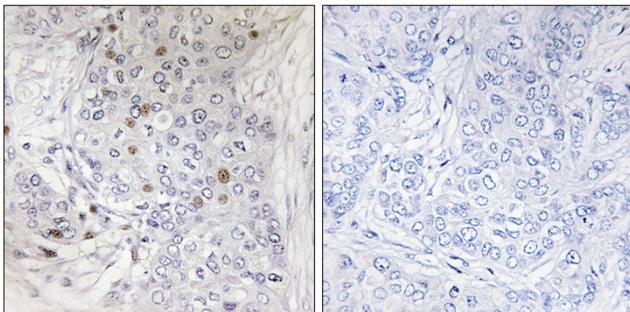
**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## Products Images



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using MAFF Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.